



The Financing of Medicare

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Avalere Health LLC

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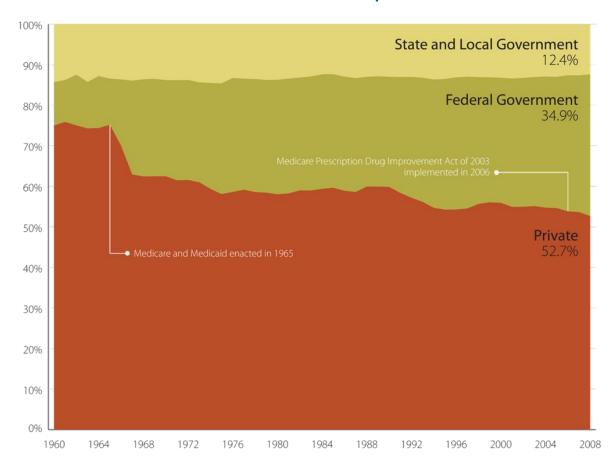
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The Healthcare Dollar

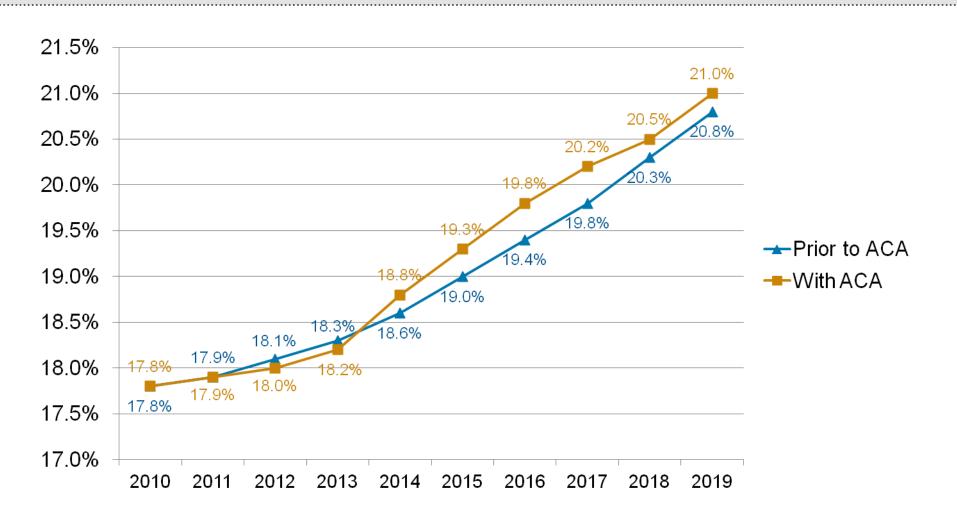
The Federal Government Is a Payer of Health Care Services

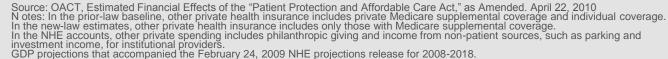
Sources of National Healthcare Expenditures, 1960-2008





National Health Expenditures as Percent of GDP

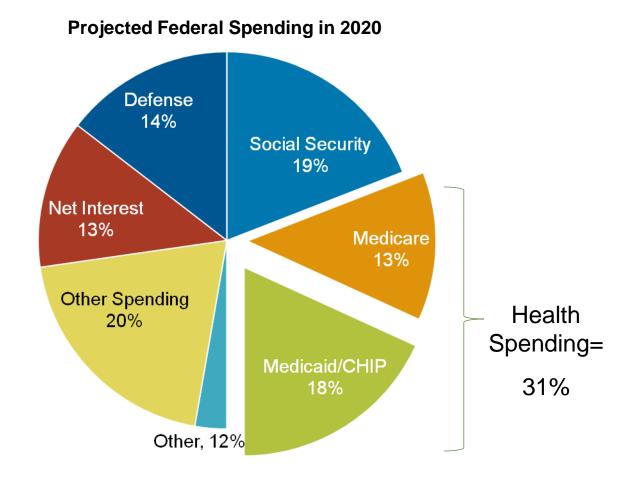






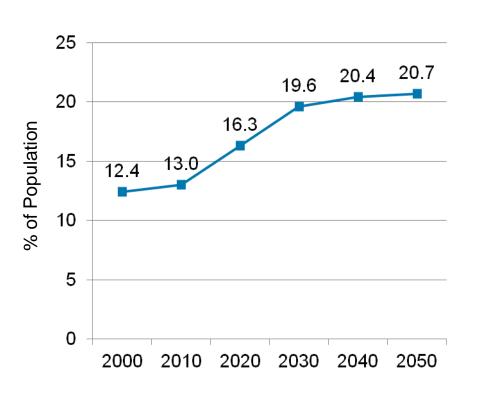
A Significant Proportion of the Federal Spending is Attributed to Health Care Programs

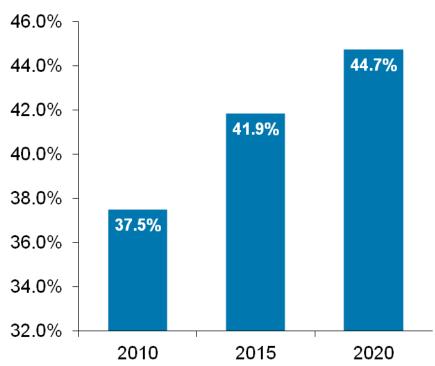
 Medicare spending is projected to increase from \$555 billion in 2011 to \$903 billion in 2020.



A Graying Population and Spending Growth Will Increase Cost Pressures in Medicare

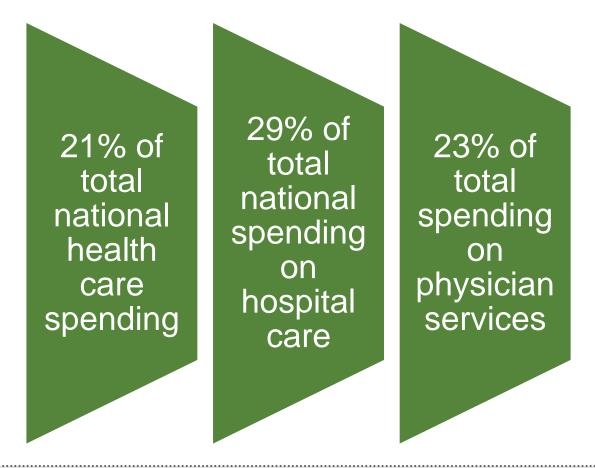
Elderly (65+ years) in the United **States as Percentage of Population** **Growth in Federal Medicare and Medicaid Spending as a Percent of Total Growth in Federal Outlays**





In 2011, Spending on Medicare Accounts for 15% of the Federal Budget

•Medicare accounts for:





Medicare Financing Overview

Key Medicare Statistics

- In 2011, 48.7 million people were covered by Medicare
 - » 40.4 million aged 65 and older
 - » 8.3 million disabled
- About 25% of beneficiaries have chosen to enroll in Part C private health plans (Medicare Advantage managed care plans) that contract with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B health services
- Total benefits paid in 2011 were \$541 billion.

Medicare Data for CY2011 (Dollar amounts in billions)						
Total Income	\$530.0					
Total Expenditure	\$549.1					
Benefits Paid	\$541.3					
Assets Held at Special Issue	\$324.9					

Medicare Consists of Four Programs

Program	Funding	Coverage
Part A: Hospital Insurance Program (Entitlement)	Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund	 Hospital inpatient, skilled nursing facility (SNF), and some home health care All Medicare beneficiaries are enrolled in Part A
Part B: Medical Insurance (Voluntary; Opt Out)	Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund; General Revenue; Beneficiary Premiums	 Fee-for-service (FFS) payment for physician services including physician-administered drugs, hospital outpatient care, laboratory services, durable medical equipment, some home health care, outpatient mental health services, and physical, occupational, and speech therapy services Over 95% of beneficiaries are enrolled in Part B
Part C: Managed Care (Medicare Advantage (MA)) (Voluntary; Opt In)	Payments to Managed Care Plans from Medicare Trust Funds; Beneficiary Premiums	 Part A and B services listed above (plus supplemental coverage that varies by plan) Approximately 22% of beneficiaries are enrolled in Part C
Part D: Prescription Drug (Voluntary; Opt In)	Increased Payments to Medicare Trust Fund; Beneficiary Premiums	 Outpatient prescription drug benefit Approximately 60% of beneficiaries are enrolled in Part D

Medicare's Benefit Payments Vary Across it Parts

Part A – Hospital Insurance (HI) = 35%

Part B – Supplementary Medical Insurance (SMI) = 29%

Part C – Medicare Advantage (private health plans) = 23%

Part D – Prescription drug benefit = 12%



How is Medicare Financed?

- Medicare is funded primarily from three sources:
 - » General revenues (42%)
 - » Payroll tax contributions (37%)
 - » Beneficiary premiums (13%)

Funding Sources by Program					
Part A	 2.9% tax on earnings paid by employers and employees (84% of Part A revenue) For higher-income taxpayers, the payroll tax on earnings will increase by 0.9% in 2013 				
Part B	 General revenues (74%) Beneficiary premiums (25%) Beneficiaries with higher incomes pay a higher, income-related Part B premium ranging from 35% to 80%; the ACA froze the income thresholds through 2019 				
Part D	 General revenues (83%) Beneficiary premiums (11%) State payments for dual eligibles (6%) Similar to Part B, higher-income beneficiaries pay a larger share of the cost of standard drug coverage 				

Medicare Part C (Medicare Advantage) Includes Both Parts A and B Services

- MA plans are run by private insurance companies approved by and under contract with Medicare
- MA plans must cover all services provided by Medicare Parts A and B except hospice care
- Medicare pays a fixed, per beneficiary, monthly amount to companies offering MA Plans
- MA plans include: HMO, PPO, PFFS, MSA, and SNP
- Beneficiaries with Parts A and B may enroll in a MA plan; beneficiaries with ESRD may not newly enroll in a MA plan*
- Participants pay the traditional Part B premium and may also pay a MA premium, and cost sharing for covered services

Companies offering MA plans must follow rules set by Medicare but can charge different out-of-pocket costs and set different rules for obtaining services.

Beneficiary Cost Sharing* Varies by Coverage Option

	Premium	Deductible	Coinsurance/Copayment
FFS	 Most beneficiaries do not pay a premium for Part A services Part B premiums are income-adjusted 	 Inpatient hospital: \$1,100 deductible (first 60 days) Skilled Nursing Facility: \$0 deductible (first 20 days) Part B: \$155 per calendar year 	 Inpatient hospital: \$0/day copayment (1-60); \$275/day copayment (61-90); \$550/day copayment (91-150); all costs after 150 days Skilled Nursing Facility: \$137.50/day copayment (21 – 100); all costs after 100 days Most Part B services are subject to a 20% coinsurance**
FFS + Medigap	 Beneficiaries pay a Medigap policy premium and a Part B premium 	 Varies by plan 	 Medigap often covers the coinsurance once the deductible is paid
Duals	 Medicaid covers Part B premium 	Medicaid covers deductible	 Medicaid covers cost sharing When 80 percent of the Medicare rate for services exceeds the Medicaid rate, states do not have to pay the dual eligible's 20 percent cost sharing
MA	Part B premium + any additional MA premium (Avg. is \$30.00 per month)	Varies by plan	Varies by plan
Part D	Varies by plan (Avg. is \$31.94 per month)	• \$0-\$310; varies by plan	Varies by plan



^{*}Cost-sharing based on 2010 rates.
**Manufacturers may assist low income beneficiaries by using third party vendors such as a foundation; however, they may not use manufacturer patient assistance programs.

Financial Responsibilities Among Payers and Beneficiaries Vary by Benefit Option

	Part A and Part B	Part C	Part D
CMS	Pays providers based on set payment rates	Pays a fixed monthly amount per beneficiary to companies offering MA Plans	Pays a fixed monthly amount per beneficiary to Part D plans
State Medicaid Agencies	Pay providers for dual eligibles' cost sharing and non-Medicare covered items	Varies; may pay MA plans a monthly capitation amount or pay providers as under FFS	N/A
Private Insurers	 Medigap Plans: Receive premiums from Medigap policy holders Pay facilities and providers according to plan benefits 	 MA Plans: Receive a fixed monthly amount from CMS and premiums from enrollees Pay facilities and providers according to plan benefits 	Part D Plans: Receive a fixed monthly amount from CMS and premiums from enrollees Pay pharmacists for drugs dispensed
Providers and Pharmacists	Receive set payments from CMS	Receive payments from plans, as negotiated	Receive payments from plans, as negotiated
Beneficiaries	 Pay a deductible and cost sharing for covered services and supplies May pay a Medigap policy premium 	 Pay premium to private insurers (varies by plan) Pay cost sharing to providers (varies by plan) 	 Pay premium to Part D plan (varies by plan) Pay cost sharing to pharmacists (varies by plan)

Questions and More Information

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